

On generalized fractional inequalities for functions of bounded variation with two variables

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(Communicated by Mugur Alexandru Acu)

Abstract

In this paper, we firstly obtain some identities via generalized fractional integrals which generalize some important fractional integrals such as the Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals, the Hadamard fractional integrals, etc. Then by utilizing these equalities we establish some Ostrowski and Trapezoid type inequalities for functions of bounded variation with two variables. Moreover, we give some inequalities involving Hadamard fractional integrals as special cases of our main results.

Keywords: Function of bounded variation, Ostrowski inequalities, generalized fractional integral
2020 MSC: Primary 26D07, 26D10, 26D15, Secondary 26B15, 26B25

1 Introduction

The study of various types of integral inequalities has been the focus of great attention for well over a century by a number of mathematicians, interested both in pure and applied mathematics. One of the many fundamental mathematical discoveries of A. M. Ostrowski [24] is the following classical integral inequality associated with the differentiable mappings:

Theorem 1.1. Let $\mathcal{F} : [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable mapping on (κ_1, κ_2) whose derivative $\mathcal{F}' : (\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is bounded on (κ_1, κ_2) , i.e. $\|\mathcal{F}'\|_\infty := \sup_{\tau \in (\kappa_1, \kappa_2)} |\mathcal{F}'(\tau)| < \infty$. Then, we have the inequality

$$\left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) - \frac{1}{\kappa_2 - \kappa_1} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \mathcal{F}(\tau) d\tau \right| \leq \left[\frac{1}{4} + \frac{(\varkappa - \frac{\kappa_1 + \kappa_2}{2})^2}{(\kappa_2 - \kappa_1)^2} \right] (\kappa_2 - \kappa_1) \|\mathcal{F}'\|_\infty,$$

for all $\varkappa \in [\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$.

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The constant $\frac{1}{4}$ is the best possible.

Ostrowski inequality has applications in quadrature, probability and optimization theory, stochastic, statistics, information and integral operator theory. Until now, a large number of research papers and books have been written on Ostrowski inequalities and their numerous applications.

The remainder of this work is organized as follows: In this Section 2, we present the definitions of fractional integrals and functions of bounded variation. In Section 3, we establish some identities involving generalized fractional integrals of two variables functions. Then, some new Ostrowski and Trapezoid type integral inequalities involving generalized fractional integrals are proved for functions of bounded variation with two variables in Section 4. Finally, in Section 5, we give some inequalities for Hadamard fractional integrals as special cases of our main results.

2 Preliminaries

In the following, we give the definition of Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals:

Definition 2.1. Let $\mathcal{F} \in L_1[\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$. The Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals $J_{\kappa_1+}^\alpha \mathcal{F}$ and $J_{\kappa_2-}^\alpha \mathcal{F}$ of order $\alpha > 0$ with $\kappa_1 \geq 0$ are defined by

$$J_{\kappa_1+}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} (\varkappa - \tau)^{\alpha-1} \mathcal{F}(\tau) d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1$$

and

$$J_{\kappa_2-}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} (\tau - \varkappa)^{\alpha-1} \mathcal{F}(\tau) d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2$$

respectively. Here, $\Gamma(\alpha)$ is the Gamma function and $J_{\kappa_1+}^0 \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = J_{\kappa_2-}^0 \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = \mathcal{F}(\varkappa)$.

Hadamard fractional integrals given by as follows:

Definition 2.2. [21] Let $\mathcal{F} \in L_1([\kappa_1, \kappa_2])$. The Hadamard fractional integrals $\mathbf{H}_{\kappa_1+}^\alpha \mathcal{F}$, and $\mathbf{H}_{\kappa_2-}^\alpha \mathcal{F}$ of order $\alpha > 0$ with $\kappa_1 \geq 0$ are defined by

$$\mathbf{H}_{\kappa_1+}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\tau}\right)^{\alpha-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau)}{\tau} d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1,$$

and

$$\mathbf{H}_{\kappa_2-}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\varkappa}\right)^{\alpha-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau)}{\tau} d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2,$$

respectively.

Definition 2.3. [21] Let $\rho : [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$, having a continuous derivative $\rho'(\varkappa)$ on (κ_1, κ_2) . The left-sides $(I_{\kappa_1+;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa))$ and right-sides $(I_{\kappa_2-;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa))$ fractional integral of \mathcal{F} with respect to the function ρ on $[\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$ of order $\alpha < 0$ are defined by

$$I_{\kappa_1+;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \frac{\rho'(\tau)\mathcal{F}(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1$$

and

$$I_{\kappa_2-;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \frac{\rho'(\tau)\mathcal{F}(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2$$

respectively.

Hadamard fractional integrals of a function with two variables can be given as follows:

Definition 2.4. Let $\mathcal{F} \in L_1([\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \kappa_4])$. The Hadamard fractional integrals $\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}$, $\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}$, $\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}$ and $\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}$ of order $\alpha, \beta > 0$ with $\kappa_1, \kappa_3 \geq 0$ are defined by

$$\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\tau}\right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\varsigma}\right)^{\beta-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma)}{\tau\varsigma} d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1, \gamma > \kappa_3,$$

$$\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\tau}\right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\gamma}\right)^{\beta-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma)}{\tau\varsigma} d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1, \gamma < \kappa_4,$$

$$\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\varkappa}\right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\varsigma}\right)^{\beta-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma)}{\tau\varsigma} d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2, \gamma > \kappa_3,$$

and

$$\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\varkappa}\right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\gamma}\right)^{\beta-1} \frac{\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma)}{\tau\varsigma} d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2, \gamma < \kappa_4,$$

respectively.

Now, we give following generalized fractional integral operators:

Definition 2.5. [8] Let $\rho : [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$, having a continuous derivative $\rho'(\varkappa)$ on (κ_1, κ_2) and let $\varpi : [\kappa_3, \kappa_4] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$, having a continuous derivative $\varpi'(\gamma)$ on (κ_3, κ_4) . Let $\mathcal{F} \in L_1([\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \kappa_4])$. The generalized fractional integral operators for functions of two variables are defined by

$$\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1, \gamma > \kappa_3,$$

$$\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa > \kappa_1, \gamma < \kappa_4,$$

$$\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2, \gamma > \kappa_3,$$

and

$$\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) := \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) d\varsigma d\tau, \quad \varkappa < \kappa_2, \gamma < \kappa_4.$$

More details for Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals, one can consult ([19], [21], [23], [25]).

Moreover, one can find some recent Hermite-Hadamard inequalities for function of one and two variables via Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals in ([1], [8], [18], [20], [22], [26]-[31]).

Functions of bounded variation of one variable are of great interest and usefulness because of their valuable properties, such as particularly with respect to additivity, decomposability into monotone functions, continuity, differentiability, measurability, integrability, and so on, have been much studied. There are many of papers on inequalities for functions of bounded variation of one variable, some of them please see ([2]-[4], [9], [14]-[16]). Moreover, Dragomir obtained some fractional inequalities involving functions of bounded variation ([11]-[13])

Functions of bounded variation with two variables are defined as follows:

Definition 2.6. [10] Assume that $\mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)$ is defined over the rectangle $Q = [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$. Let P be a partition of Q with

$$P : \kappa_1 = \varkappa_0 < \varkappa_1 < \dots < \varkappa_N = \kappa_2, \text{ and } \kappa_3 = \gamma_0 < \gamma_1 < \dots < \gamma_M = \kappa_4;$$

and for all i, j let

$$\Delta_{11}\rho(\varkappa_i, \gamma_j) = \rho(\varkappa_{i-1}, \gamma_{j-1}) - \rho(\varkappa_{i-1}, \gamma_j) - \rho(\varkappa_i, \gamma_{j-1}) + \rho(\varkappa_i, \gamma_j).$$

The function $\mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)$ is said to be of bounded variation if the sum

$$\sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sum_{j=0}^{M-1} |\Delta_{11}\mathcal{F}(\varkappa_i, \gamma_j)|$$

is bounded for all nets.

Therefore, one can define the concept of total variation of a function of variables, as follows:

Let \mathcal{F} be of bounded variation on $Q = [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$, and let $\sum(P)$ denote the sum $\sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^M |\Delta_{11}\mathcal{F}(\varkappa_i, \gamma_j)|$ corresponding to the partition P of Q . The number

$$\bigvee_Q(\mathcal{F}) := \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4}(\mathcal{F}) := \sup \left\{ \sum(P) : P \in P(Q) \right\},$$

is called the total variation of \mathcal{F} on Q .

There are also some paper on inequalities for functions of bounded variation with two variables ([5]-[7]). However there is a few papers fractional integral inequalities for functions of bounded variation with two variables. The aim of this paper establish some fractional Ostrowski, Midpoint and Trapezoid type inequalities for functions of bounded variation with two variables.

The aim of this study is to establish Hermite-Hadamard type integral inequalities for co-ordinated convex function involving generalized fractional integrals. The results presented in this paper provide extensions of those given in earlier works.

3 Some Identities for Generalized Fractional Integrals

Firstly, we define the following functions which will be used frequently:

$$\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) := \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha + [\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)},$$

and

$$\mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma) := \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta + [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)}$$

for $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$. We also denote $\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2)$ and $\mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)$ by

$$\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) := \mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \kappa_1) = \mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \kappa_2) = \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)},$$

and

$$\mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) := \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \kappa_3) = \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \kappa_4) = \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)}.$$

In addition, by choosing $\rho(\tau) = \ln \tau$, $\tau \in [\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$ and $\varpi(\varsigma) = \ln \varsigma$, $\varsigma \in [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$, we have the following representations

$$\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) := \frac{\left[\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\kappa_1} \right]^\alpha + \left[\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \text{ and } \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma) := \frac{\left[\ln \frac{\gamma}{\kappa_3} \right]^\beta + \left[\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)}$$

and

$$\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) := \frac{\left[\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\kappa_1} \right]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \text{ and } \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) := \frac{\left[\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\kappa_3} \right]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)}.$$

Now we prove the following equalities:

Lemma 3.1. Let $\rho : [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$, having a continuous derivative $\rho'(\varkappa)$ on (κ_1, κ_2) and let $\varpi : [\kappa_3, \kappa_4] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$, having a continuous derivative $\varpi'(\gamma)$ on (κ_3, κ_4) . If $\mathcal{F} : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is integrable on Δ , then for $\alpha, \beta > 0$ we have the following equality

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \\ & - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \\ & + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\ & \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \\ = & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \sum_{k=1}^4 I_k \end{aligned} \tag{3.1}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau, \\ I_2 &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau, \\ I_3 &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau \end{aligned}$$

and

$$I_4 = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . We show that

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \\ & \times \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau \\ &= \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \\ & + \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma). \end{aligned} \tag{3.2}$$

Similarly, we get

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \end{aligned} \tag{3.3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma), \\
 I_3 & \tag{3.4} \\
 = & \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-, \kappa_3^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \\
 & + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_4 & \tag{3.5} \\
 = & \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-, \kappa_4^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \\
 & + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma).
 \end{aligned}$$

If we add the equalities (3.2)-(3.5) and then divide the result by $\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)$, then we obtain the required identity (3.1). \square

Lemma 3.2. Suppose that the assumptions of Lemma 3.1. Then we have the following equality

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\gamma^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \right] \\
 & - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) \right] \\
 & + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\
 & \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+, \gamma^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+, \gamma^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-, \gamma^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-, \gamma^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \\
 = & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \sum_{k=5}^8 I_k
 \end{aligned} \tag{3.6}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_5 & = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau, \\
 I_6 & = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau, \\
 I_7 & = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$I_8 = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . By the Definition 2.5, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_5 &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \\
 &\quad \times [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)] d\varsigma d\tau \\
 &= \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+, \gamma^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) \\
 &\quad + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma),
 \end{aligned}$$

and similarly

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_6 &= \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+, \gamma^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \\
 &\quad + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_7 &= \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-, \gamma^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) \\
 &\quad + \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_8 &= \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-, \gamma^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) - \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \\
 &\quad + \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma).
 \end{aligned}$$

This completes the proof. \square

Lemma 3.3. Suppose that the assumptions of Lemma 3.1. Then we have the following equality

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\frac{\mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)}{4} \mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) \\
 &\quad - \frac{\mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1^+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1^+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 &\quad - \frac{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3^+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4^-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1^+, \kappa_3^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1^+, \kappa_4^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) \\
 &\quad + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-, \kappa_3^+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2^-, \kappa_4^-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{k=9}^{12} I_k
 \end{aligned} \tag{3.7}$$

where

$$I_9 = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)] d\varsigma d\tau,$$

$$I_{10} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)] d\varsigma d\tau$$

$$I_{11} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)] d\varsigma d\tau$$

and

$$I_{12} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] d\varsigma d\tau$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . If we choose $(\varkappa, \gamma) = (\kappa_2, \kappa_4)$ in (3.2), then we have

$$I_9 = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \times \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)] d\varsigma d\tau \tag{3.8}$$

$$= \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)$$

$$+ \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4).$$

Similarly, we get

$$I_{10} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \times \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)] d\varsigma d\tau \tag{3.9}$$

$$= \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)$$

$$+ \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)$$

for $(\varkappa, \gamma) = (\kappa_2, \kappa_3)$ in (3.3),

$$I_{11} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \times \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)] d\varsigma d\tau \tag{3.10}$$

$$= \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)$$

$$+ \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)$$

for $(\varkappa, \gamma) = (\kappa_1, \kappa_4)$ in (3.4), and

$$I_{12} = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \tag{3.11}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \times \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} [\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] d\varsigma d\tau \\ = & \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-, \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) - \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-, \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \\ & + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \end{aligned}$$

for $(\varkappa, \gamma) = (\kappa_1, \kappa_3)$ in (3.5).

If we add the identities (3.8)-(3.11) and if we divide the result equality by 4, then we obtain the desired identity (3.7). \square

4 Some Ostrowski Type Inequalities for Generalized Fractional Integrals

In this section, Ostrowski type inequalities involving generalized fractional integrals are obtained for functions of bounded variation with two variables.

Theorem 4.1. Let $\rho : [\kappa_1, \kappa_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$, having a continuous derivative $\rho'(\varkappa)$ on (κ_1, κ_2) and let $\varpi : [\kappa_3, \kappa_4] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an increasing and positive monotone function on $(\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$, having a continuous derivative $\varpi'(\gamma)$ on (κ_3, κ_4) . If $\mathcal{F} : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is of bounded variation on Δ , then we have the following inequalities

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+, \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-, \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \\ & + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\ & \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+, \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-, \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+, \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-, \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \Big| \\ \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \\ & \times \left[\int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \right. \\ & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\ & + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\ & \left. + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \right] \\ \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\ & \left. + [\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) + [\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right] \end{aligned} \tag{4.1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + [\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \Big] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)) + \left| \rho(\varkappa) - \frac{\rho(\kappa_1) + \rho(\kappa_2)}{2} \right| \right]^\alpha \\
 & \times \left[\frac{1}{2} (\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)) + \left| \varpi(\gamma) - \frac{\varpi(\kappa_3) + \varpi(\kappa_4)}{2} \right| \right]^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . By the Lemma 3.1, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \right. \\
 & \left. \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_\rho^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_\varpi^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\
 \times & \left[\frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \right. \\
 & \times |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \\
 & \times |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \\
 & \times |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \\
 & \times |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & : = \kappa_1(\varkappa, \gamma)
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.2}$$

Since \mathcal{F} is of bounded variation on Δ , we have the following inequalities

$$|\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| \leq \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \leq \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \text{ for } (\tau, \varsigma) \in [\kappa_1, \varkappa] \times [\kappa_3, \gamma], \tag{4.3}$$

$$|\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| \leq \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \leq \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \text{ for } (\tau, \varsigma) \in [\kappa_1, \varkappa] \times [\gamma, \kappa_4], \tag{4.4}$$

$$|\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| \leq \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \leq \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \text{ for } (\tau, \varsigma) \in [\varkappa, \kappa_2] \times [\kappa_3, \gamma] \tag{4.5}$$

and

$$|\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \gamma) - \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma)| \leq \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \leq \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \text{ for } (\tau, \varsigma) \in [\varkappa, \kappa_2] \times [\gamma, \kappa_4]. \tag{4.6}$$

By substituting the inequalities (4.3)-(4.6) in (4.2), then we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} & \kappa_1(\varkappa, \gamma) \\ \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\ & \times \left[\frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\ & + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \right] \\ \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\ & + \frac{[\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \\ & \left. + \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta}}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1)\Gamma(\beta + 1)} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \right] \\ : & \kappa_2(\varkappa, \gamma) \end{aligned}$$

This proves the first and second inequality in (4.1).

The proof of last inequality in (4.1) is obvious from the facts that

$$\max \{ \kappa_1 \kappa_3, \kappa_1 \kappa_4, \kappa_2 \kappa_3, \kappa_2 \kappa_4 \} = \max \{ \kappa_1, \kappa_2 \} \max \{ \kappa_3, \kappa_4 \}, \tag{4.7}$$

$$\max \{ \kappa_1^{\mathcal{N}}, \kappa_2^{\mathcal{N}} \} = (\max \{ \kappa_1, \kappa_2 \})^{\mathcal{N}} = \left(\frac{\kappa_1 + \kappa_2 + |\kappa_1 - \kappa_2|}{2} \right)^{\mathcal{N}}$$

for $\kappa_1, \kappa_2, \kappa_3, \kappa_4, \mathcal{N} > 0$.

This completes completely the proof of theorem. \square

Theorem 4.2. Suppose that the assumptions of Theorem 4.1, then we have the following inequalities

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\gamma+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\gamma-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \right] \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) \right] + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\ & \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa+; \gamma+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa+; \gamma-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa-; \gamma+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa-; \gamma-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \Big| \\ \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \end{aligned} \tag{4.8}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \times \left[\int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \right. \\
 & + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & \left. + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\
 & + [\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) + [\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \\
 & \left. + [\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)) + \left| \rho(\varkappa) - \frac{\rho(\kappa_1) + \rho(\kappa_2)}{2} \right| \right]^{\alpha} \\
 & \times \left[\frac{1}{2} (\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)) + \left| \varpi(\gamma) - \frac{\varpi(\kappa_3) + \varpi(\kappa_4)}{2} \right| \right]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . By using modulus and the inequalities (4.3)-(4.6) in Lemma 3.2, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\gamma^{+}; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\gamma^{-}; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{+}; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{-}; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \right. \\
 & \left. \times \left[\mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{+}, \gamma^{+}; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{+}, \gamma^{-}; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{-}, \gamma^{+}; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\varkappa^{-}, \gamma^{-}; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \right| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \\
 & \times \left[\int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \right. \\
 & + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\gamma} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & \left. + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \Big] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\
 & + [\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\varkappa)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) + [\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\gamma)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \\
 & \left. + [\rho(\varkappa) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{\alpha} [\varpi(\gamma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right].
 \end{aligned}$$

This proves the first and second inequality in (4.8).

The last inequality in (4.8) is proved above. \square

Theorem 4.3. Suppose that the assumptions of Theorem 4.1, then we have the following inequalities

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)}{4} \mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) \right. \\
 & - \frac{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 & - \frac{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 & + \frac{1}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) \\
 & \left. + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \right| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{4\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \left[\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \right. \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & \left. + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \, d\varsigma d\tau \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.9}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Proof . By Lemma 3.3, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)}{4} \mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) \right. \\
 & - \frac{\mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^{\beta}(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^{\alpha} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 & - \frac{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^{\alpha}(\kappa_1, \kappa_2)}{4} [\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^{\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)] \\
 & \left. \right| \tag{4.10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{1}{4} \left[\mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) \right. \\
 & \left. + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{4\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \left[\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \right. \\
 & \times |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 & \left. + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)| d\varsigma d\tau \right].
 \end{aligned}$$

We also have

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} d\varsigma d\tau \tag{4.11} \\
 = & \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\alpha \beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}).
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\tau)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\tau} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \tag{4.12} \\
 \leq & \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\alpha \beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}),
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_4) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\varsigma)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \tag{4.13} \\
 \leq & \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha [\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\alpha \beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}),
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} |\mathcal{F}(\tau, \varsigma) - \mathcal{F}(\tau, \kappa_3) - \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \varsigma) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3)| d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \frac{\rho'(\tau)}{[\rho(\tau) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^{1-\alpha}} \frac{\varpi'(\varsigma)}{[\varpi(\varsigma) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^{1-\beta}} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) d\varsigma d\tau \\
 \leq & \frac{[\rho(\kappa_2) - \rho(\kappa_1)]^\alpha}{\alpha} \frac{[\varpi(\kappa_4) - \varpi(\kappa_3)]^\beta}{\beta} \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}).
 \end{aligned} \tag{4.14}$$

If we substitute the inequalities (4.11)-(4.14) in (4.10), then we obtain the required inequality (4.9). \square

Corollary 4.4. If we take $\varkappa = \frac{\kappa_1 + \kappa_2}{2}$ and $\gamma = \frac{\kappa_3 + \kappa_4}{2}$ in Theorem 4.1-Theorem 4.3, then we obtain some midpoint type inequalities, but the details are not presented here.

Remark 4.5. If we choose $\rho(\tau) = \tau$, $\tau \in [\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$ and $\varpi(\varsigma) = \varsigma$, $\varsigma \in [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$ in Theorem 4.1-Theorem 4.3, then we obtain some Ostrowski type inequalities for Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals which were proved by Erden et al. in [17].

5 Some Inequalities For Hadamard Fractional Integrals

By choosing the $\rho(\tau) = \ln \tau$, $\tau \in [\kappa_1, \kappa_2]$ and $\varpi(\varsigma) = \ln \varsigma$, $\varsigma \in [\kappa_3, \kappa_4]$ in Theorem 4.1-Theorem 4.3, we have the following theorems.

Theorem 5.1. If $\mathcal{F} : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is of bounded variation on Δ , then we have the following inequalities for Hadamard fractional integrals

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_3+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_4-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right. \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \right. \\
 & \left. \times \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_3+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-, \kappa_4-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) \right] \right| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \left[\int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\tau} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\varsigma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \right. \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\tau} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\gamma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\varkappa} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\varsigma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \\
 & \left. + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\varkappa} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\gamma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\rho}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\varpi}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[\left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\kappa_1} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\kappa_3} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\
 & \left. + \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\kappa_1} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) + \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\kappa_3} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \Big] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \\
 & \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\kappa_1} \right) + \left| \ln \frac{\varkappa}{\sqrt{\kappa_1 \kappa_2}} \right| \right]^\alpha \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\kappa_3} \right) + \left| \ln \frac{\gamma}{\sqrt{\kappa_3 \kappa_4}} \right| \right]^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Theorem 5.2. If $\mathcal{F} : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is of bounded variation on Δ , then we have the following inequalities for Hadamard fractional integrals

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left| \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \gamma) - \frac{1}{\mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\gamma+; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\gamma-; \varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\varkappa, \kappa_3) \right] \right. \\
 & - \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa)} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\varkappa+; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \gamma) + \mathbf{J}_{\varkappa-; \rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \gamma) \right] \\
 & \left. + \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\varkappa+, \gamma+; \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\varkappa+, \gamma-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathbf{J}_{\varkappa-, \gamma+; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\varkappa-, \gamma-; \rho, \varpi}^{\alpha, \beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \right| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \Gamma(\beta)} \left[\int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\tau} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\varsigma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \right. \\
 & + \int_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_1}^{\gamma} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\tau} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\kappa_3} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\tau} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \\
 & + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\kappa_1} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\varsigma} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\varsigma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \\
 & \left. + \int_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \int_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\kappa_1} \right)^{\alpha-1} \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\kappa_3} \right)^{\beta-1} \bigvee_{\tau}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\varsigma}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma \tau} \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha + 1) \Gamma(\beta + 1)} \left[\left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \right. \\
 & + \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\gamma}{\kappa_3} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\varkappa}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) + \left(\ln \frac{\varkappa}{\kappa_1} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\gamma}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F}) \\
 & \left. + \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\varkappa} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\gamma} \right)^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\varkappa} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\gamma} (\mathcal{F}) \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2; \varkappa) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4; \gamma)} \\
 & \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\kappa_1} \right) + \left| \ln \frac{\varkappa}{\sqrt{\kappa_1 \kappa_2}} \right| \right]^\alpha \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\kappa_3} \right) + \left| \ln \frac{\gamma}{\sqrt{\kappa_3 \kappa_4}} \right| \right]^\beta \bigvee_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \bigvee_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} (\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

Theorem 5.3. If $\mathcal{F} : \Delta \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is of bounded variation on Δ , then we have the following inequalities for Hadamard fractional integrals

$$\left| \frac{\mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4)}{4} \mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4) \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{4} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-;\rho}^\alpha \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \\
 & -\frac{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2)}{4} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_3+;\varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_4-;\varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_3+;\varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_4-;\varpi}^\beta \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \\
 & +\frac{1}{4} \left[\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+,\kappa_3+;\rho,\varpi}^{\alpha,\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_1+,\kappa_4-;\rho,\varpi}^{\alpha,\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_2, \kappa_3) \right. \\
 & \left. +\mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-,\kappa_3+;\rho,\varpi}^{\alpha,\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_4) + \mathbf{J}_{\kappa_2-,\kappa_4-;\rho,\varpi}^{\alpha,\beta} \mathcal{F}(\kappa_1, \kappa_3) \right] \Big| \\
 \leq & \frac{1}{4\Gamma(\alpha)\Gamma(\beta)} \left[\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\tau} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\varsigma} \right)^\beta \mathbb{V}_\tau \mathbb{V}_\varsigma(\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma\tau} \right. \\
 & +\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_2}{\tau} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\kappa_3} \right)^\beta \mathbb{V}_\tau \mathbb{V}_\varsigma(\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma\tau} \\
 & +\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\kappa_1} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\kappa_4}{\varsigma} \right)^\beta \mathbb{V}_\tau \mathbb{V}_\varsigma(\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma\tau} \\
 & \left. +\int_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \int_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4} \left(\ln \frac{\tau}{\kappa_1} \right)^\alpha \left(\ln \frac{\varsigma}{\kappa_3} \right)^\beta \mathbb{V}_\tau \mathbb{V}_\varsigma(\mathcal{F}) \frac{d\varsigma d\tau}{\varsigma\tau} \right] \\
 \leq & \frac{\mathcal{M}_{\ln}^\alpha(\kappa_1, \kappa_2) \mathcal{N}_{\ln}^\beta(\kappa_3, \kappa_4)}{\Gamma(\alpha+1)\Gamma(\beta+1)} \mathbb{V}_{\kappa_1}^{\kappa_2} \mathbb{V}_{\kappa_3}^{\kappa_4}(\mathcal{F})
 \end{aligned}$$

for all $(\varkappa, \gamma) \in \Delta$.

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